

# **Graphic Arts References**

This guide is simply meant to provide pictorial references to winning submissions. For more information about rules and guidelines, please visit the official NJCL page:

<https://www.njcl.org/NJCL-Convention/2017-NJCL-Convention/Graphic-Arts>

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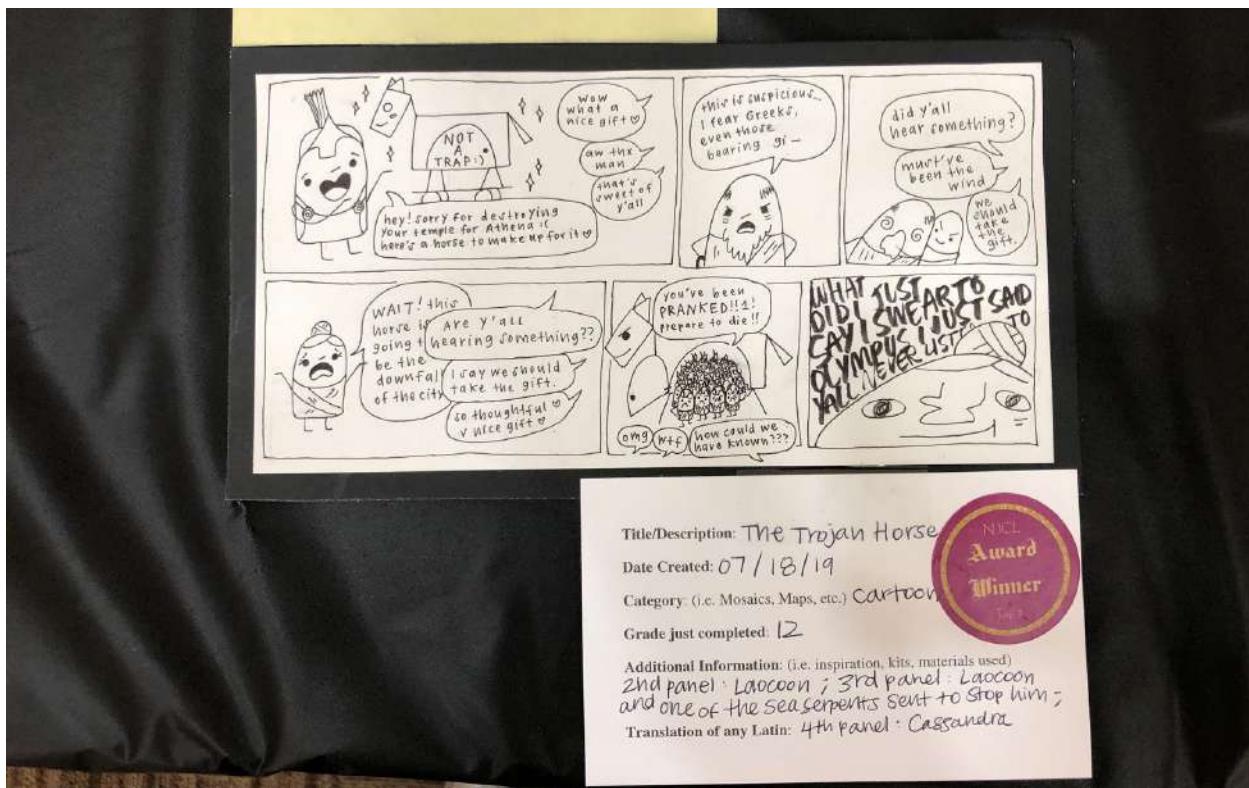
[Sculpture](#)

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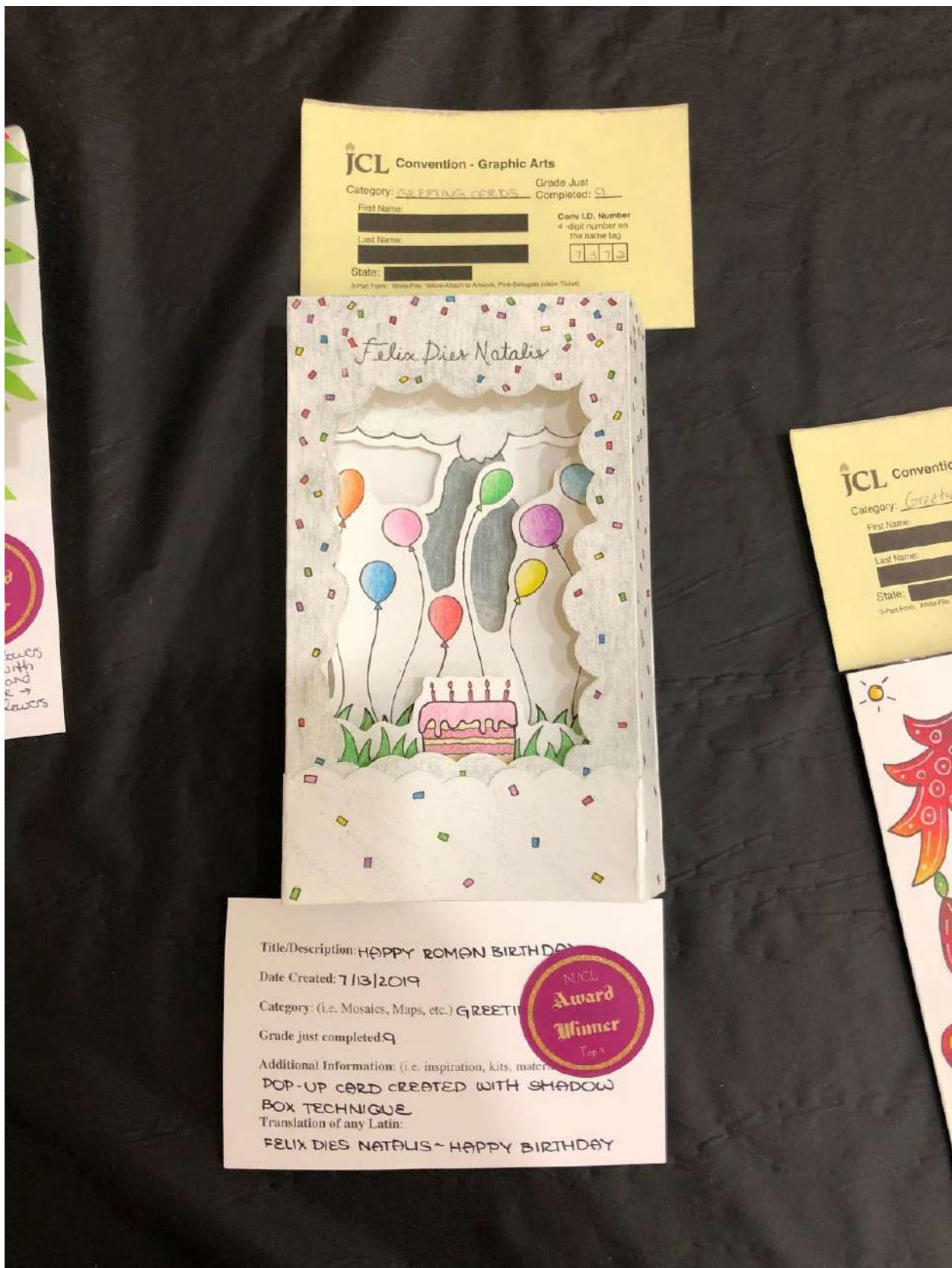
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## Cartoons



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## Greeting Cards



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## Charts

**Simile**

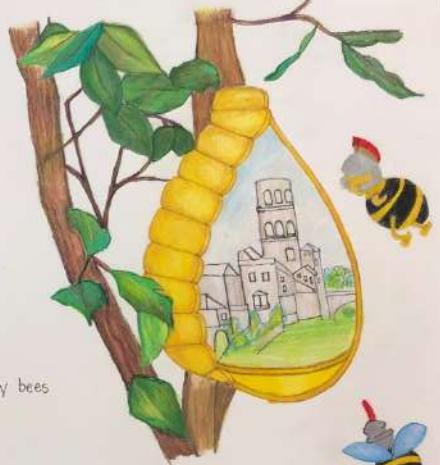
**Definition:** a comparison of two things using the words like or as

**Example:**

"Qualis apes adeste nova per  
florea rura  
Exerct sub sole labor"  
~ Vergil's Aeneid (I. 430-6)

Translation: Such as the toil that keeps bees  
busy in early summer, beneath the sun, throughout  
the flowery countryside.

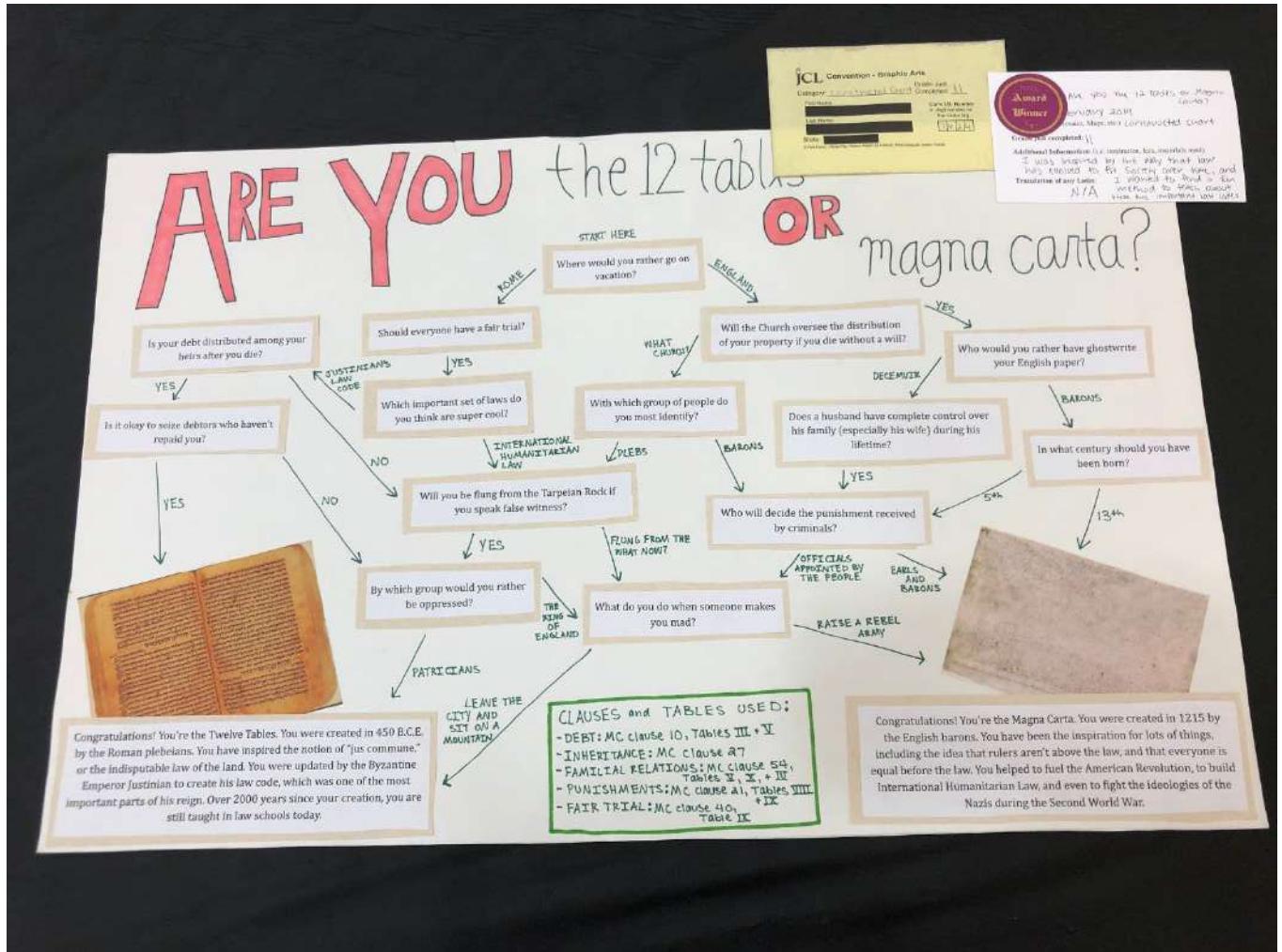
Vergil uses a simile to compare the Carthaginians who  
are hard at work building their city, to a swarm of busy bees  
Working at their hive.



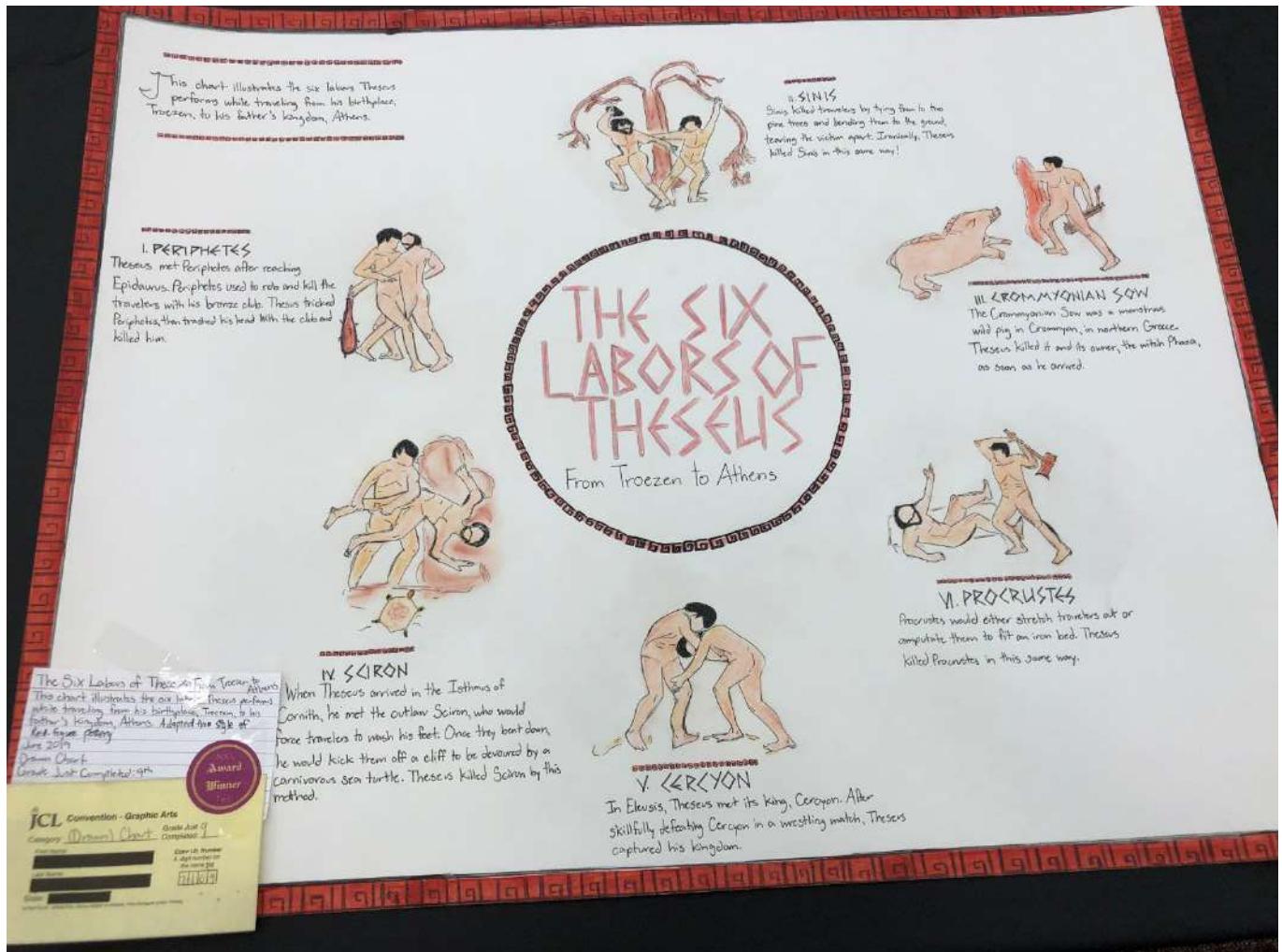
**JCL Convention - Graphic Arts**  
Category: Prints  
Grade Level: 11  
Last Update: 03/11/2014  
Last Review: 03/11/2014  
Last Grade: 11  
Last Teacher: Mrs. D. Mazzoni  
Last Score: 91  
Last Date: 03/11/2014

Simile literary device  
March 11<sup>th</sup>, 2014  
11<sup>th</sup> Grade  
Used marker and colored pencil

Award Winner



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**HARMODIUS AND ARISTOGEITON**

Both Livy and Herodotus are well known authors and historians to this day. Livy (ca. 59 B.C.-ca. A.D. 12), or Titus Livius, was a Roman historian who lived in the period where Augustus was building the Roman Empire out of the ruins of the republican system. The work he is most well known for is *Ab Urbe Condita*, from which this story originates. Livy is well known (as with many authors and historians) for "recycling" stories told by those of the past, one of whom was Herodotus. Herodotus (ca. 444 B.C.-ca. 425 B.C.) was born in Halicarnassus, a small Greek city on the coast of Asia Minor, and his most well known work was the *Historiae*. In contrast to Livy, who is known to have avoided travel to places even within Italy, Herodotus was known to have traveled throughout the Mediterranean. Livy's work Lucretia is likely partially taken from that of Herodotus's Harmodius and Aristogeiton as seen in the following comparison.

• Harmodius and Aristogeiton (Herodotus)	• Lucretia (Livy)
• Couple: Pair of lovers, Harmodius and Aristogeiton	• Couple: Lucretia and her husband Collatinus
• Person wanted: Harmodius wanted by Hipparchus for his looks... or just jealous it's not really made clear	• Lucretia wanted by Sextus Tarquinius for her beauty, virtue, and devotion to her husband
• The person who wants the other person is in the family of someone in power (Hipparchus is brother to the tyrant/ruler Hippies)	• Tarquinum malam limbo Lucretia per vim stuprandar capiti; cum furma tum speciatyscatilis incitat.
• End up dead (Aristogatoss was captured and killed later, Harmodius was killed on the spot) as a result of corruption and jealousy	• Sextus Tarquinius is the son of King/Tyrant Lucius Tarquinius Superbus
• People angered by the unjust actions of the Tyrant (and family)	• Ends up dead (kills herself) because she had been defiled (raped) by Sextus and felt that she could only retain her honor through death
• Person who committed the act (Hipparchus) chased out and sides with an enemy, in this case King Darius of Persia with whom he goes to Marathon	• "Animus non sine mors testis erit"
• Eventually led to the overthrow of the Tyrant Hippies and establishment of Athenian Democracy	• Brutus specifically urges the people to take up arms against the unjust tyranny
• They became martyrs, and were considered symbols of Democracy. This is proven by the fact that Cleisthenes, who later restored democracy to Athens, commissioned the sculptor Antenor to produce a bronze statue of Harmodius and Aristogeiton. It was the very first statue to be paid for out of public funds, as the two were the first Greeks considered by their countrymen worthy of having statues raised to them.	• "Bautum iam inde ad expugnandum regnum uocantem sequuntur ducim."
• Lucretia is also a martyr of sorts, not only does the display of her dead body rally the people, "Elatum domo Lucretiae corpus in forum deferunt" but her status as an exemplary wife and example to young women is also part of the story. Not only does the story neatly tie up parts of Roman history, it also acts as a lesson on virtue.	• Sextus Tarquinius chased out and sides with Etruscan Lars Porsena (who goes on to attack Rome, accounts of which vary)

**LUCRECIA**

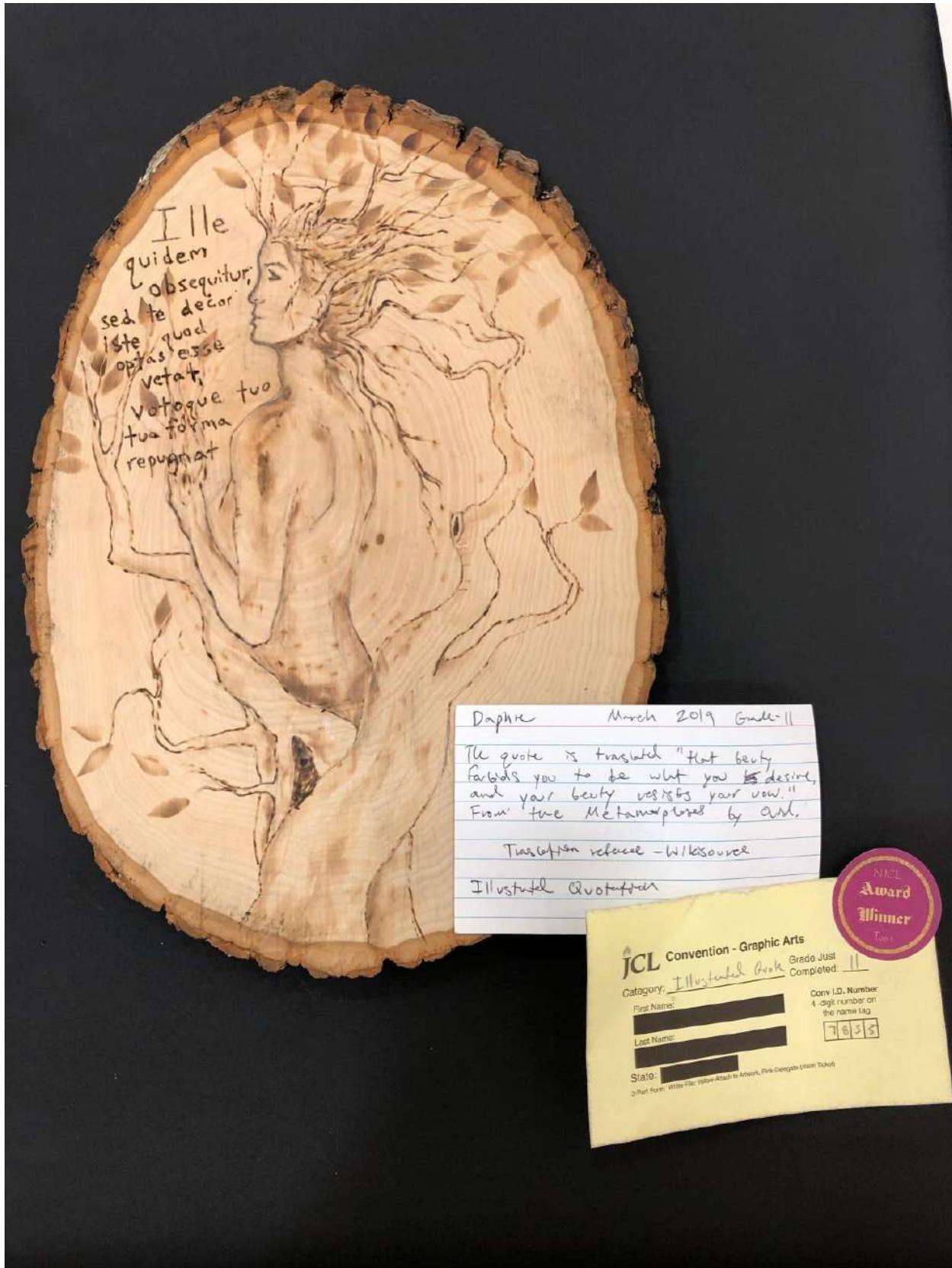
Award Winner  
History Day  
District 2019  
Topic: Ancient Greece  
Category: History  
Title: Harmodius & Aristogeiton  
Submitted by: [Signature]

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## Illustrated Quotes

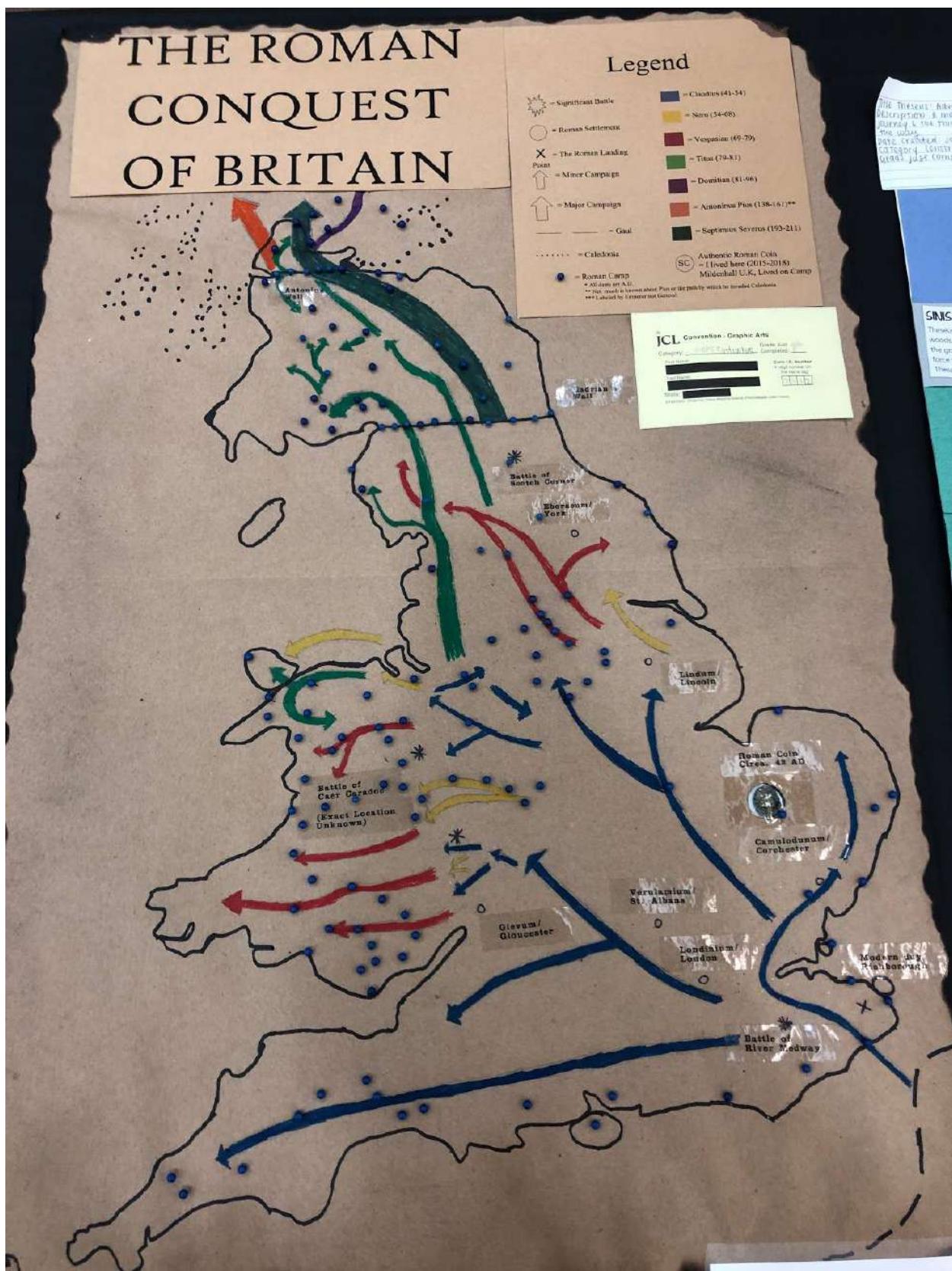


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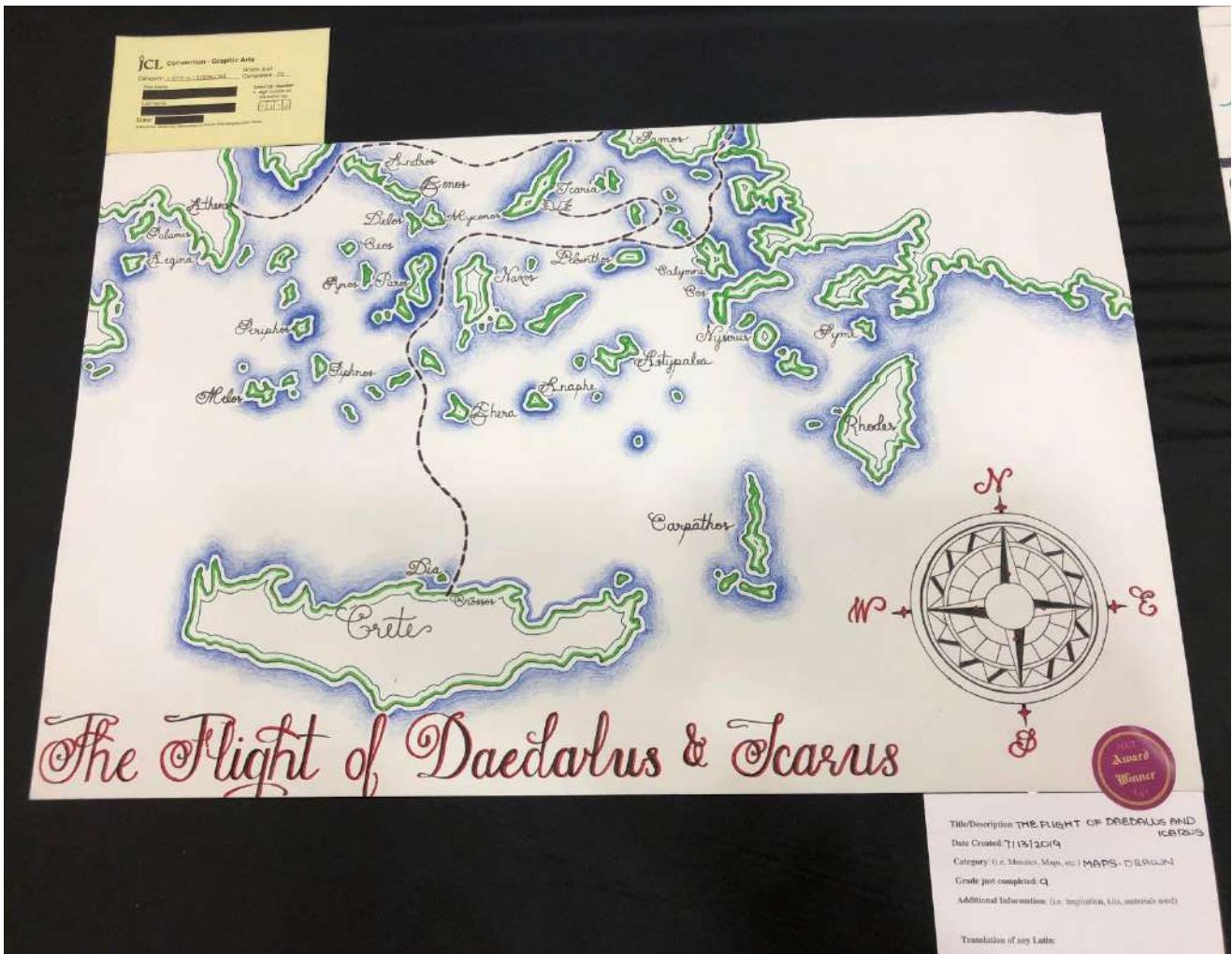


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## Maps



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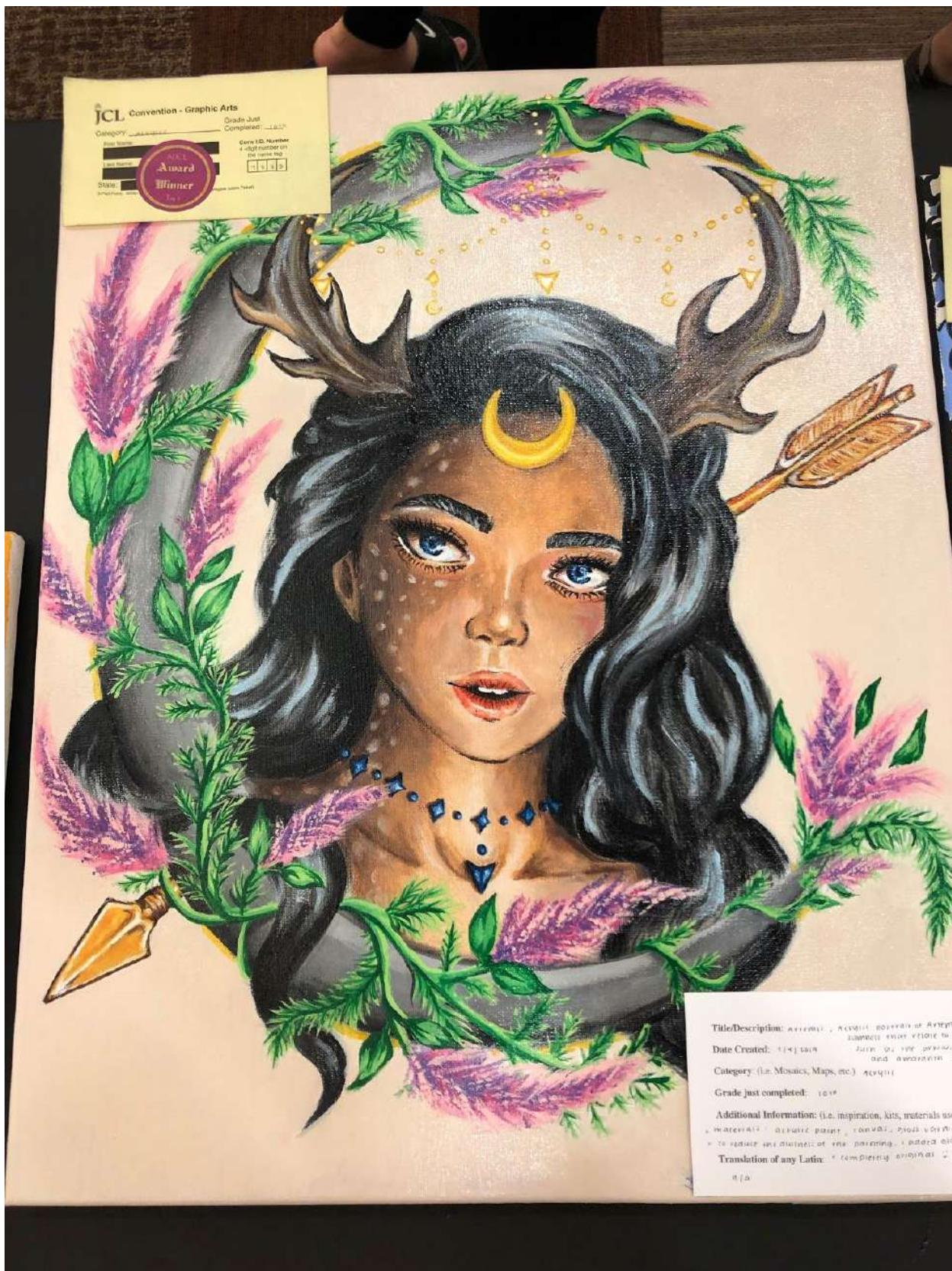


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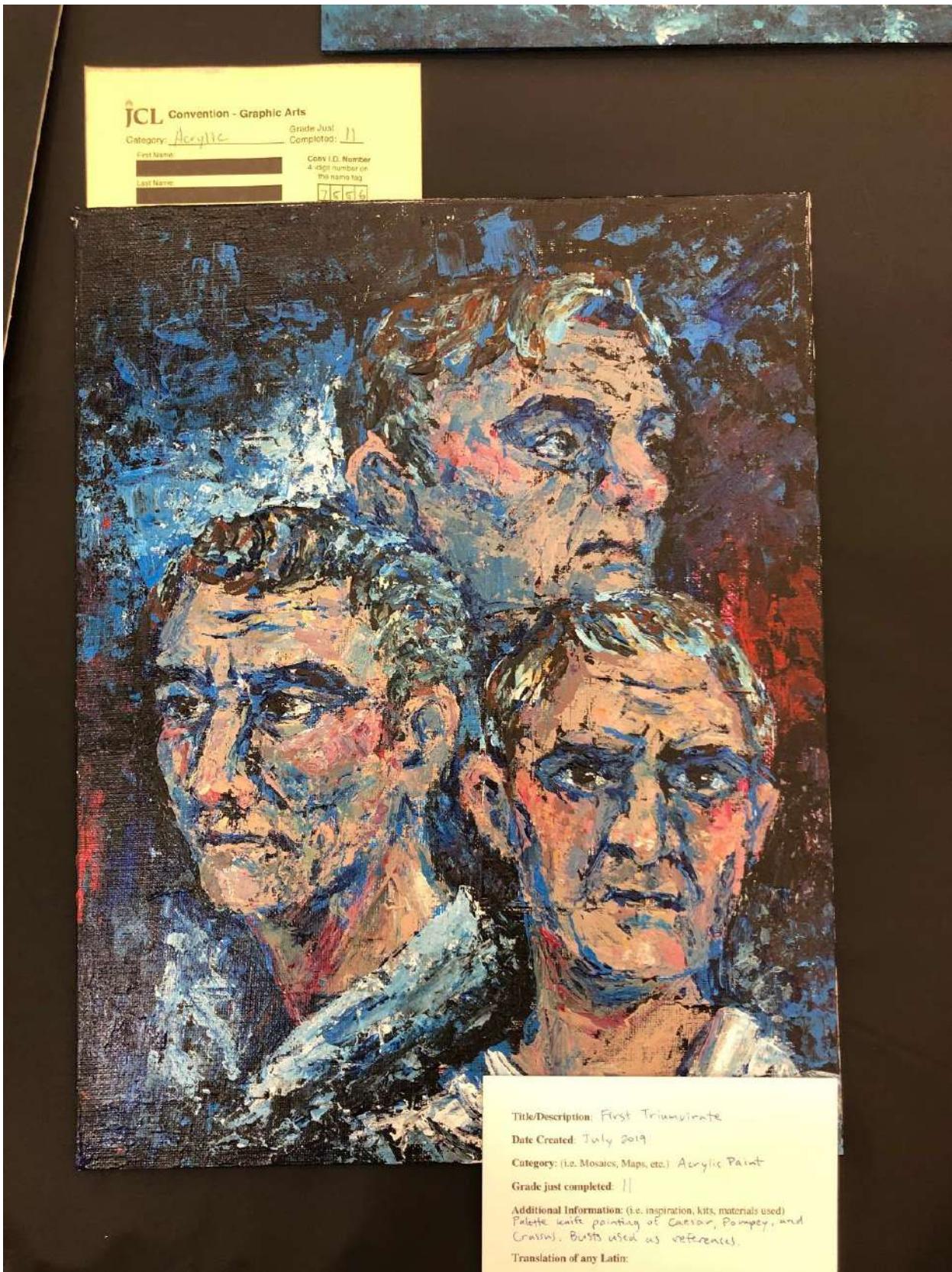
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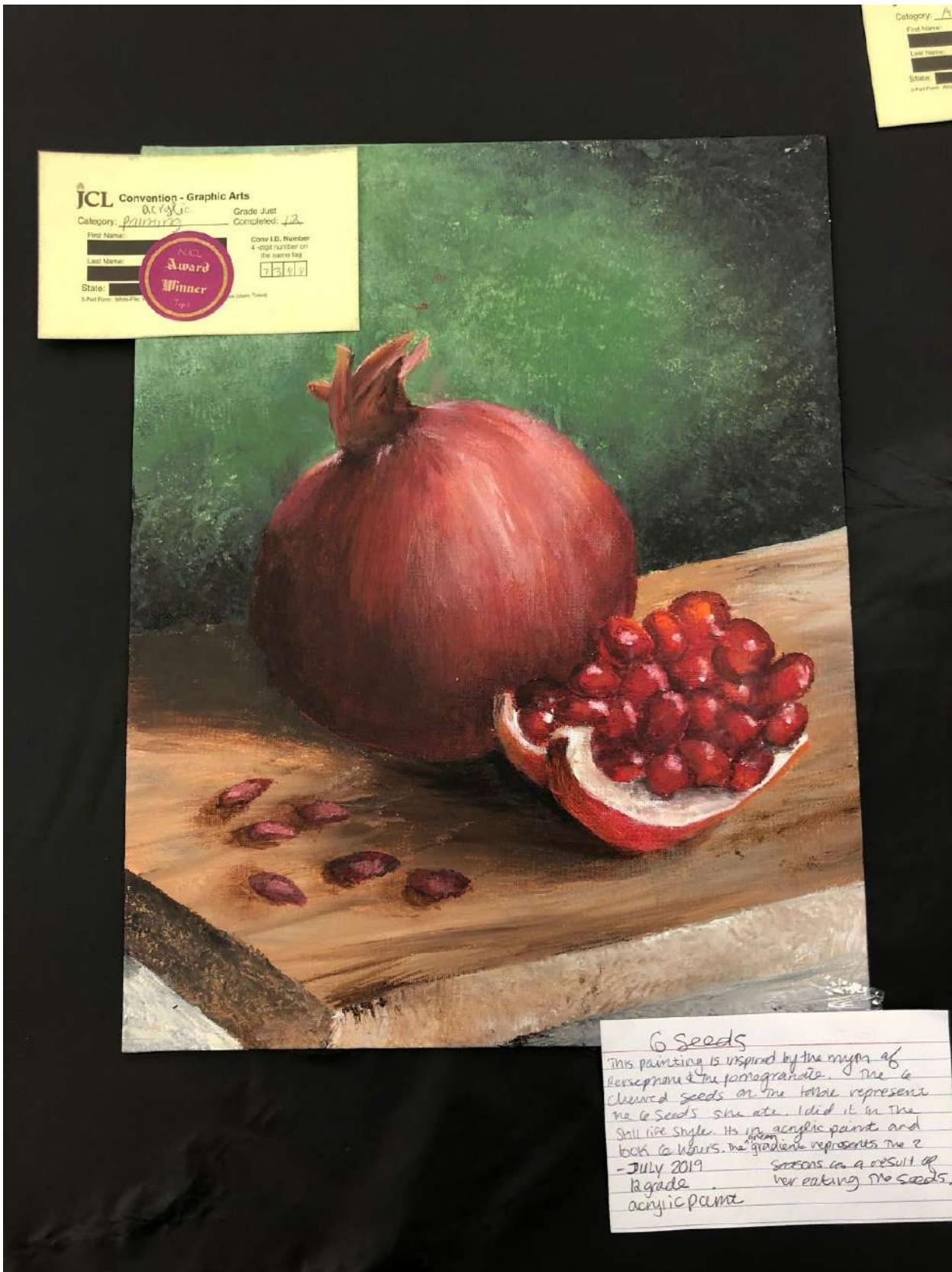
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### 6 Seeds

This painting is inspired by the myth of Persephone & the pomegranate. The 6 cleaved seeds on the table represent the 6 seeds she ate. I did it in the still life style. It is acrylic paint and took 6 hours. The gradient represents the 2 seasons as a result of her eating the seeds.

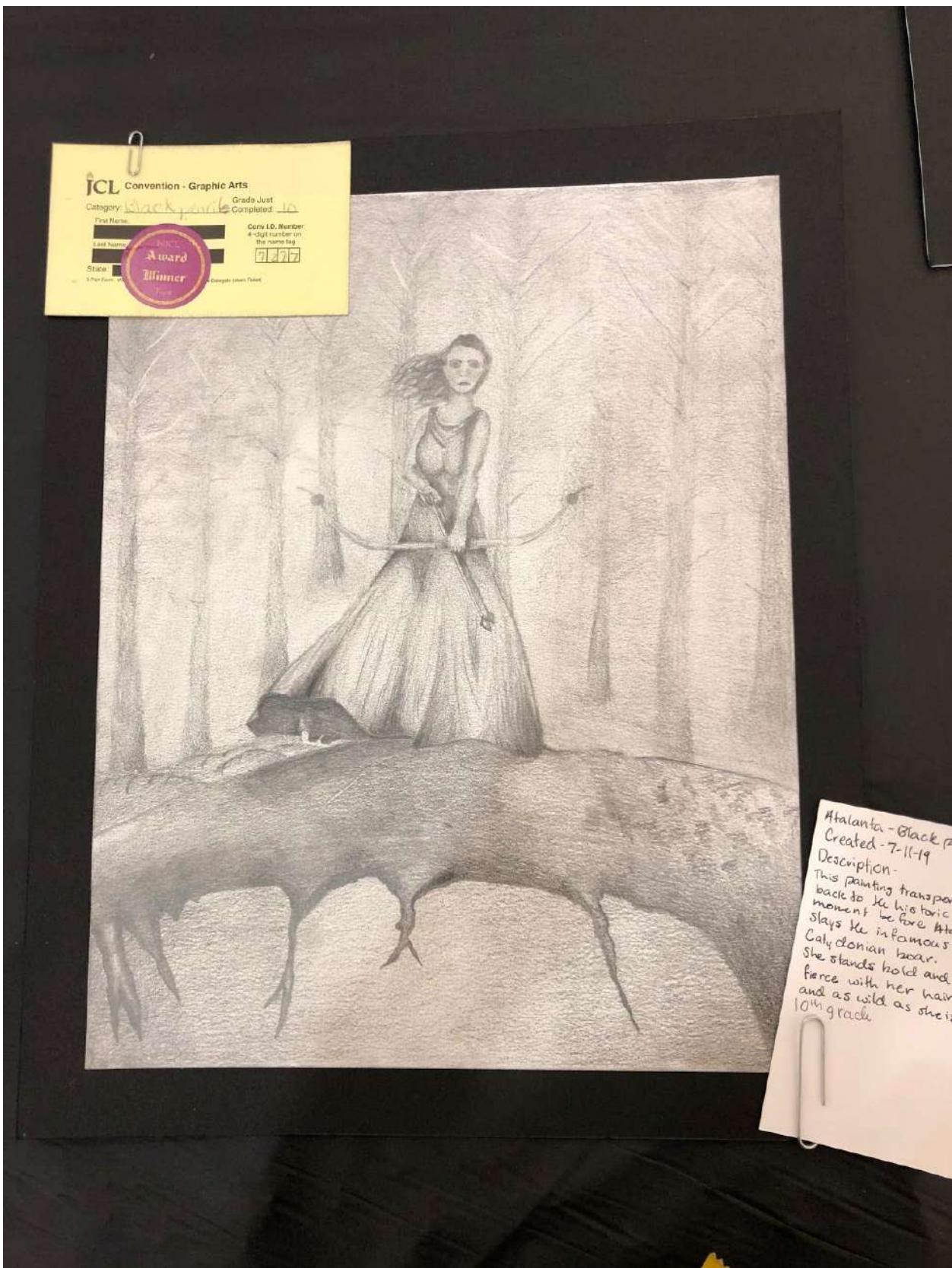
-July 2019

12 grade

acrylic paint

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## Black Pencil

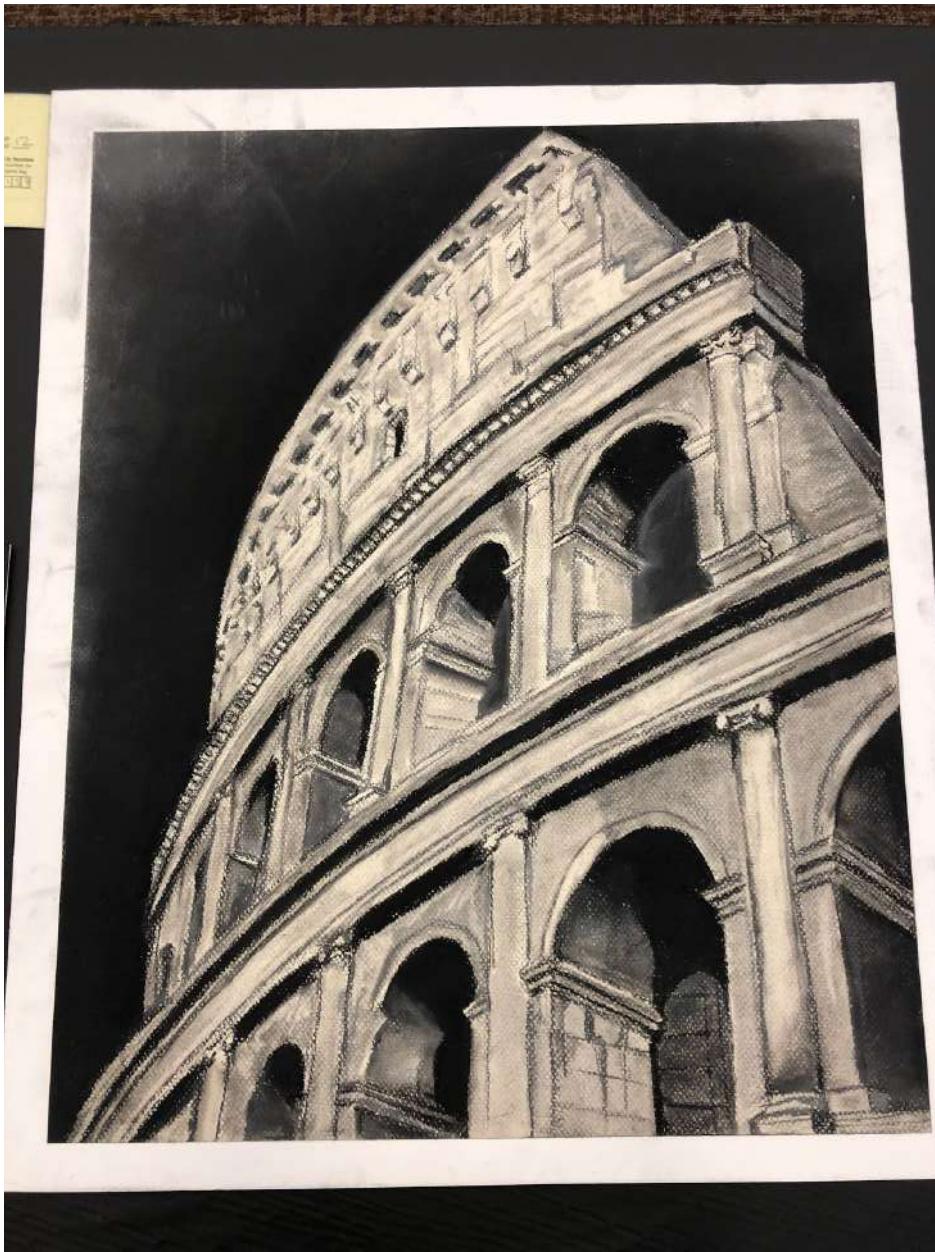


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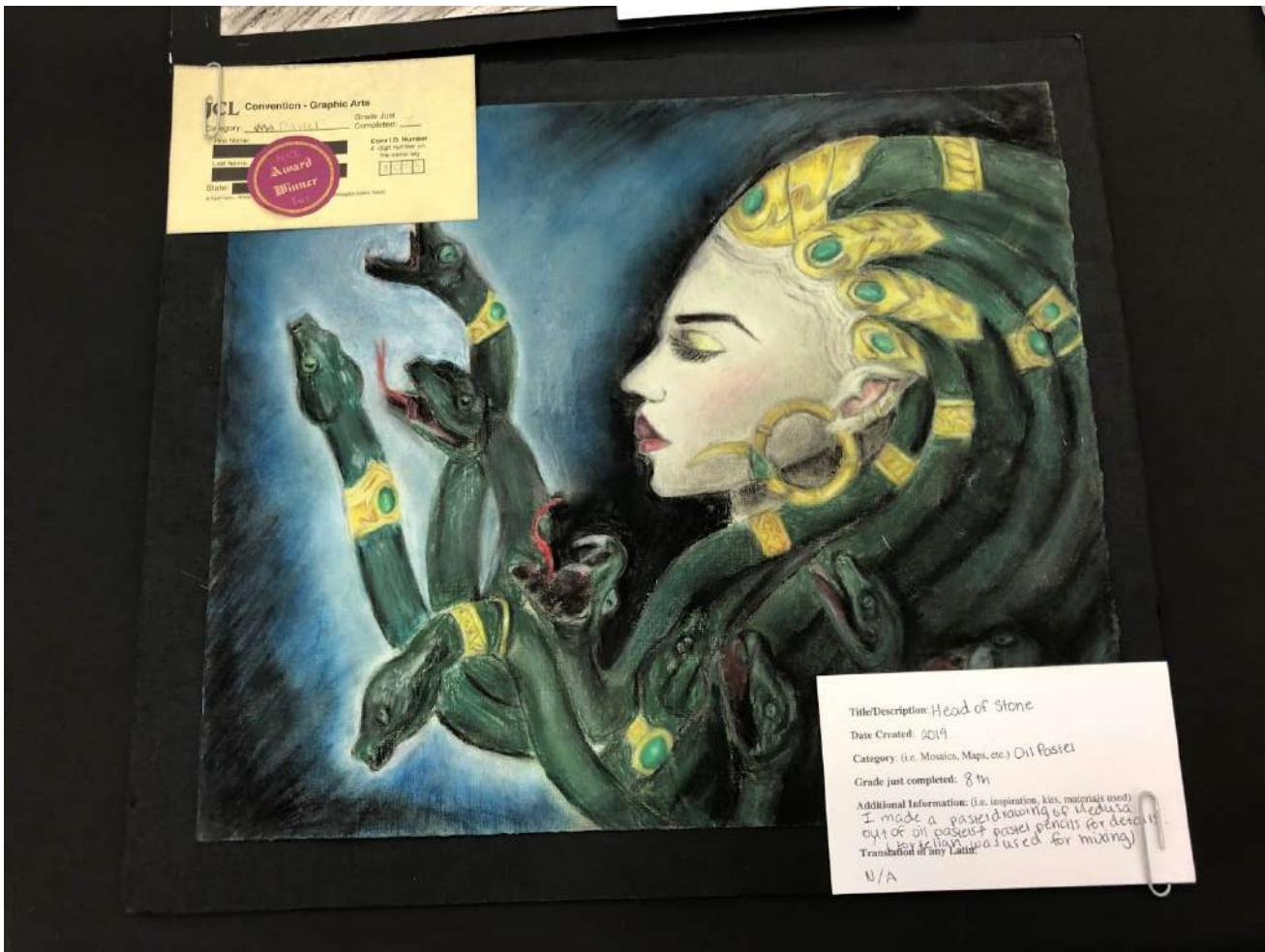
## Chalk/Pastel



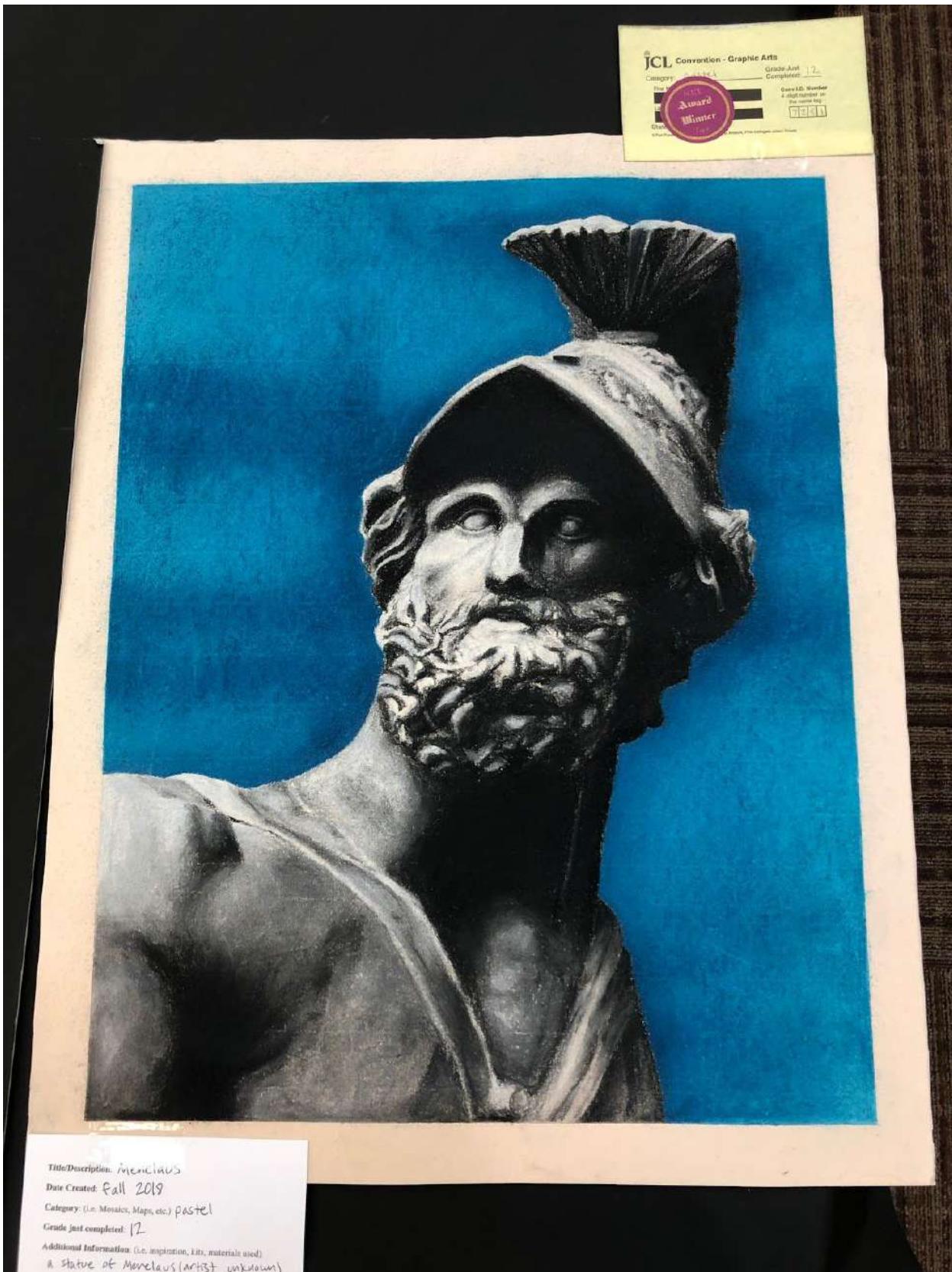
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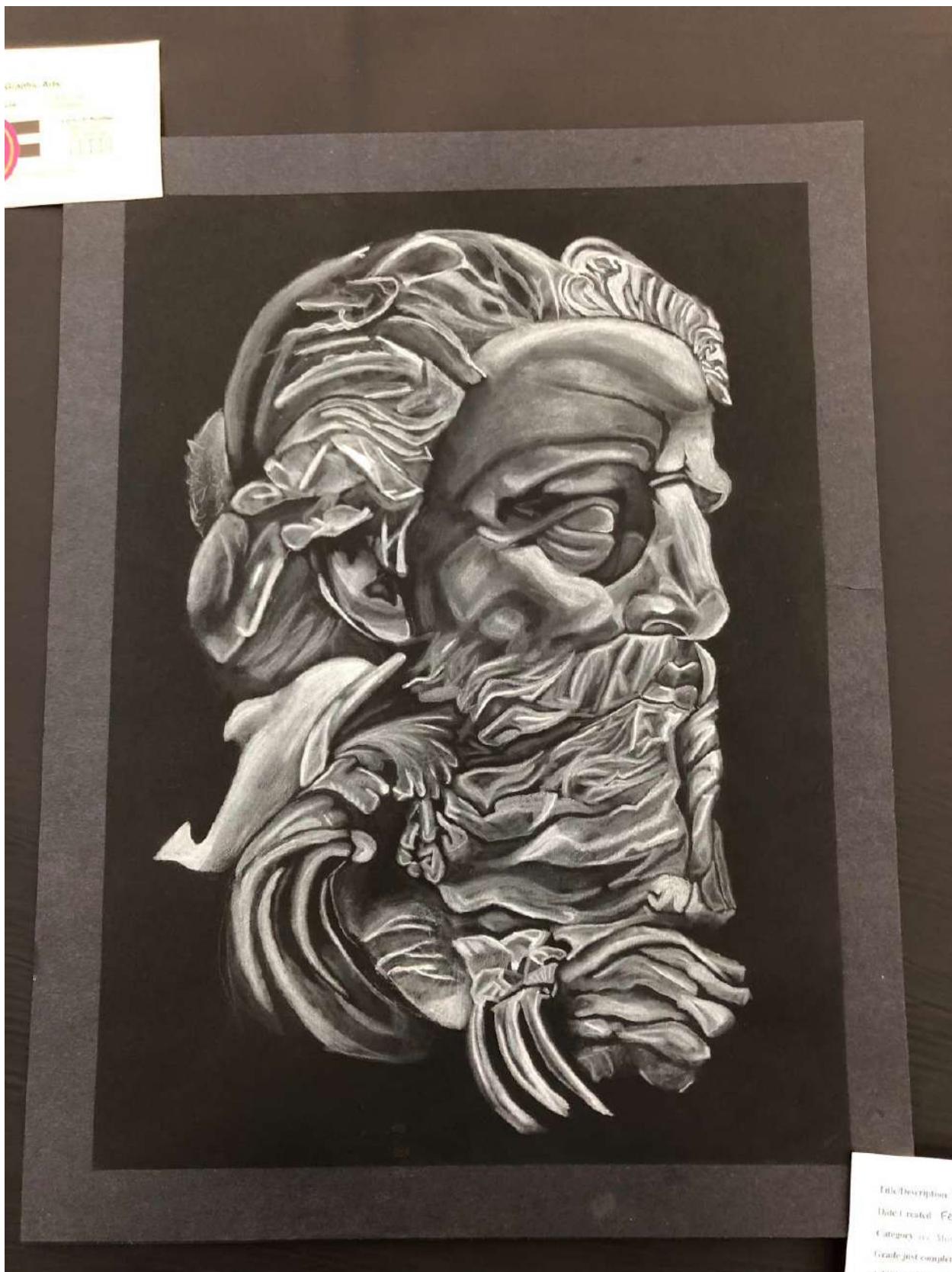


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## Charcoal



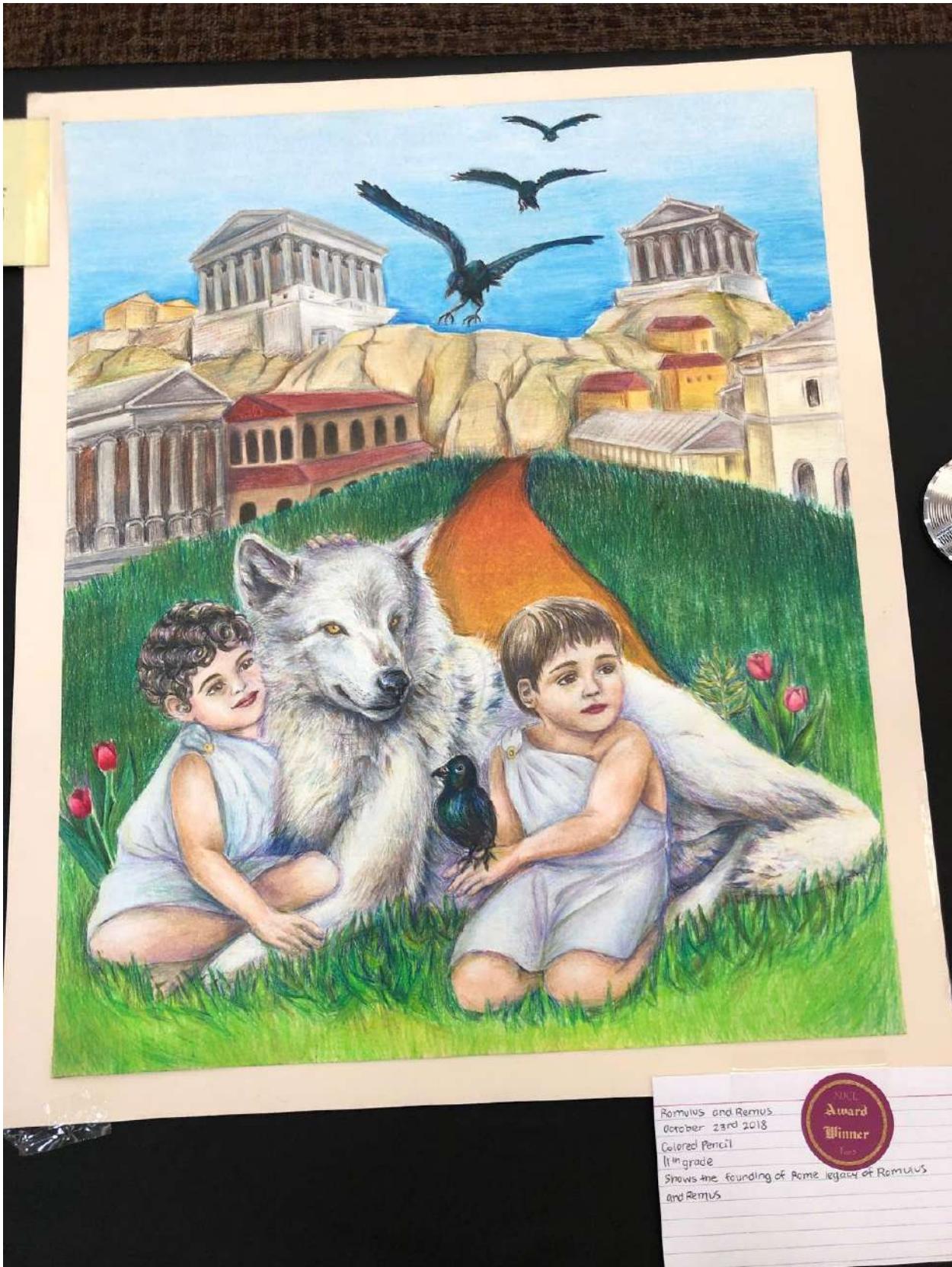
Title/Description:  
Date Created: Feb  
Category: Arts/Media  
Grade: just complete  
Author: [redacted]

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## Colored Pencil



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Romulus and Remus  
October 23rd 2018  
Colored Pencil  
11<sup>th</sup> grade  
Shows the founding of Rome legacy of Romulus  
and Remus

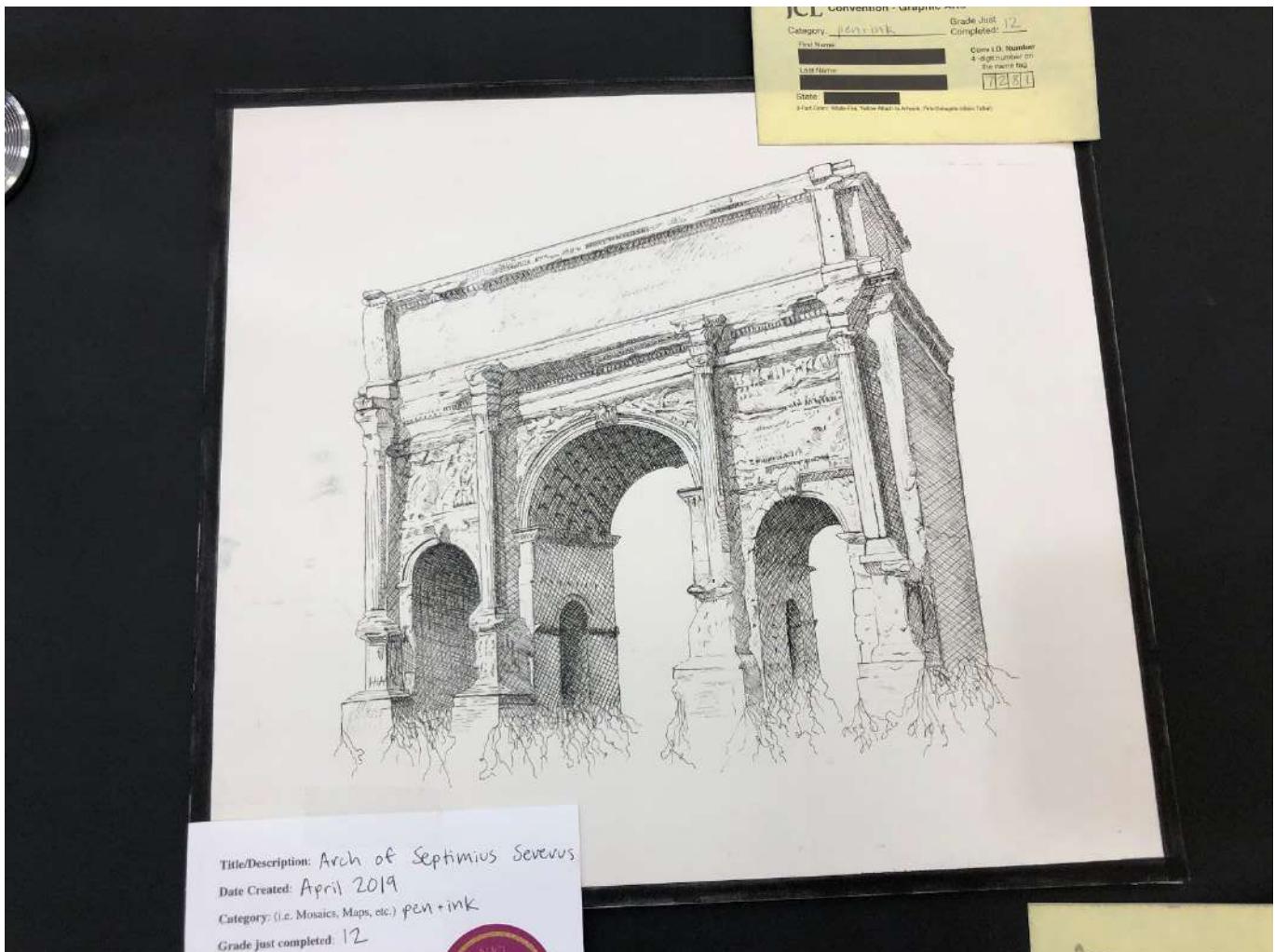


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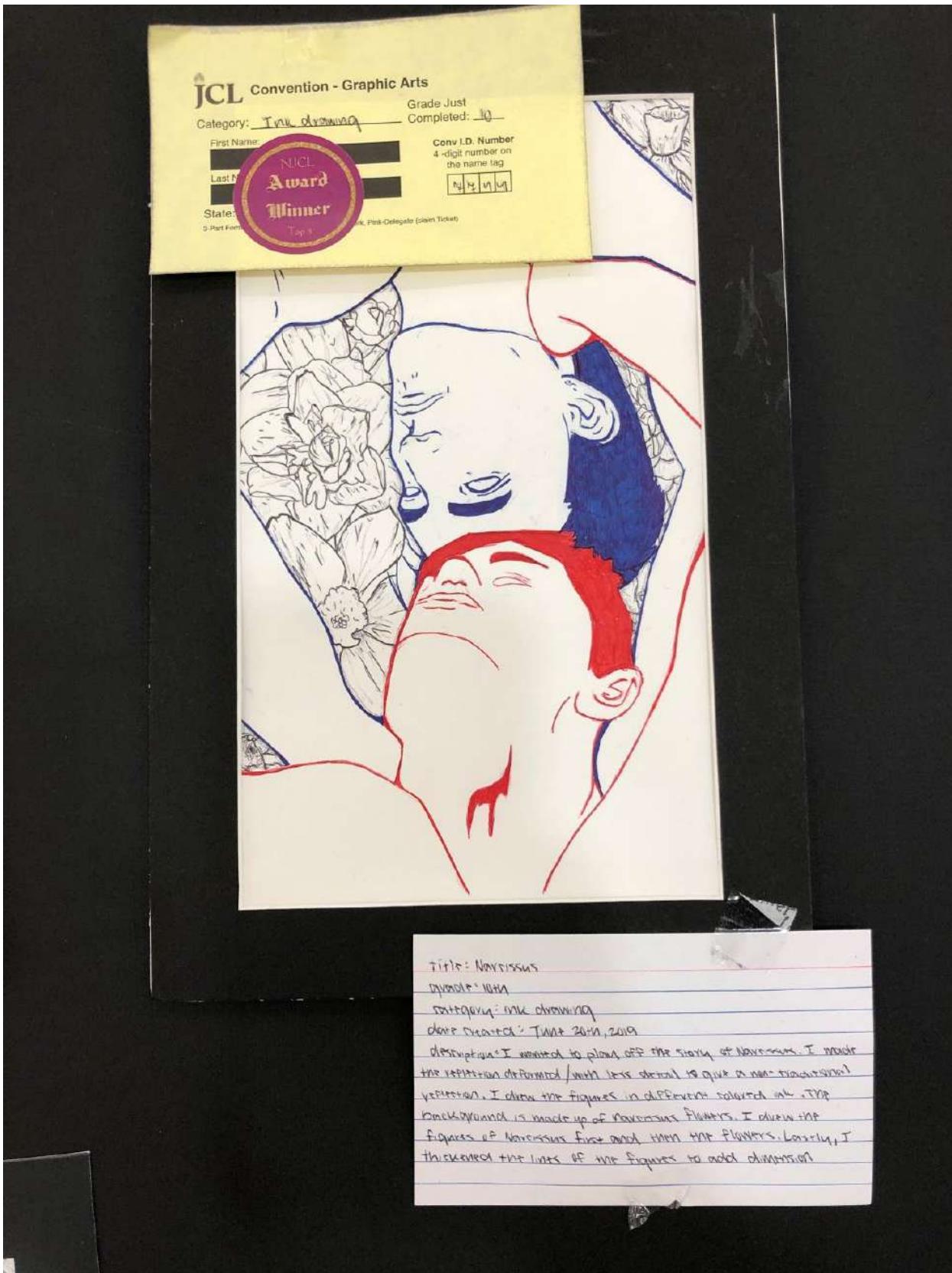
Ink



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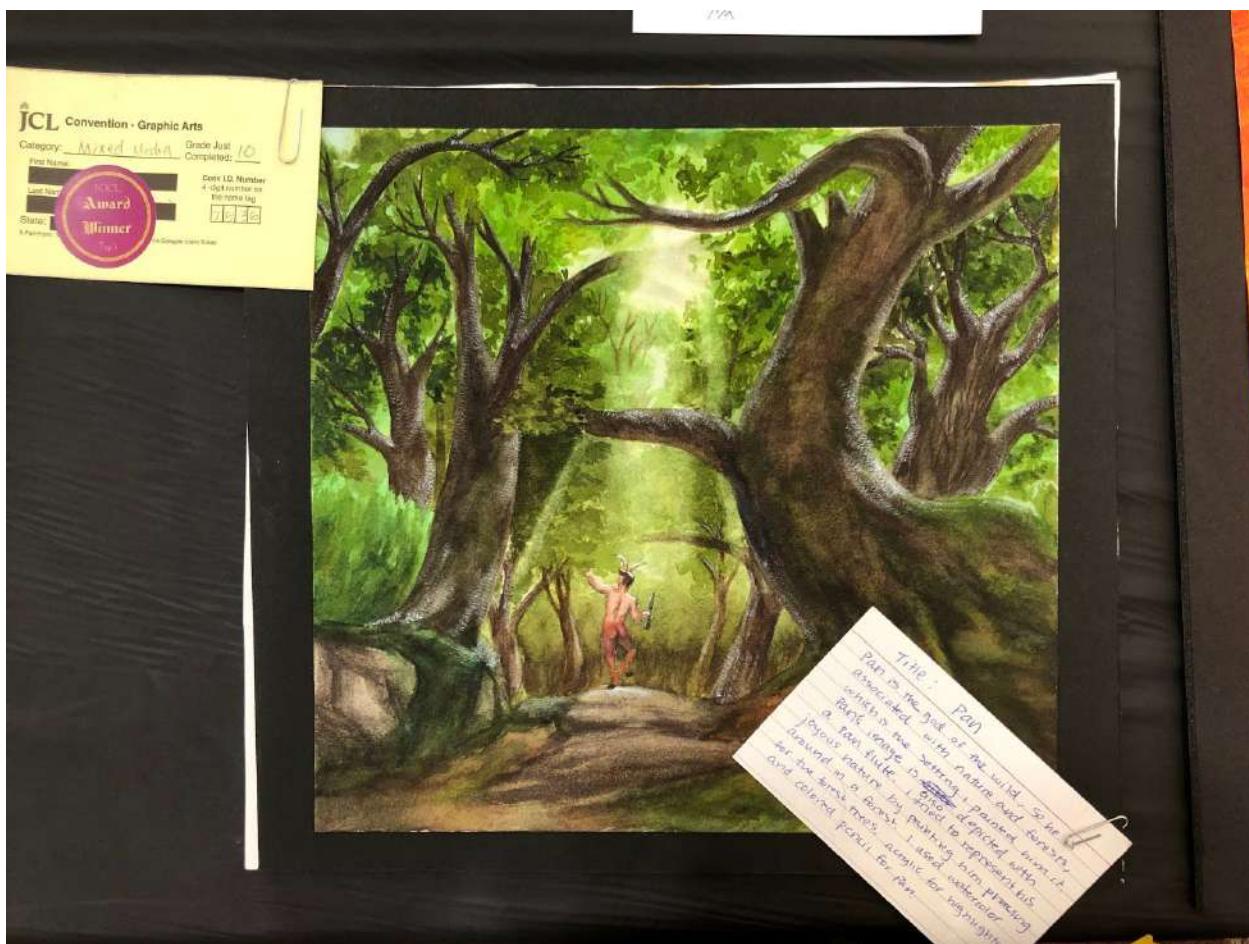


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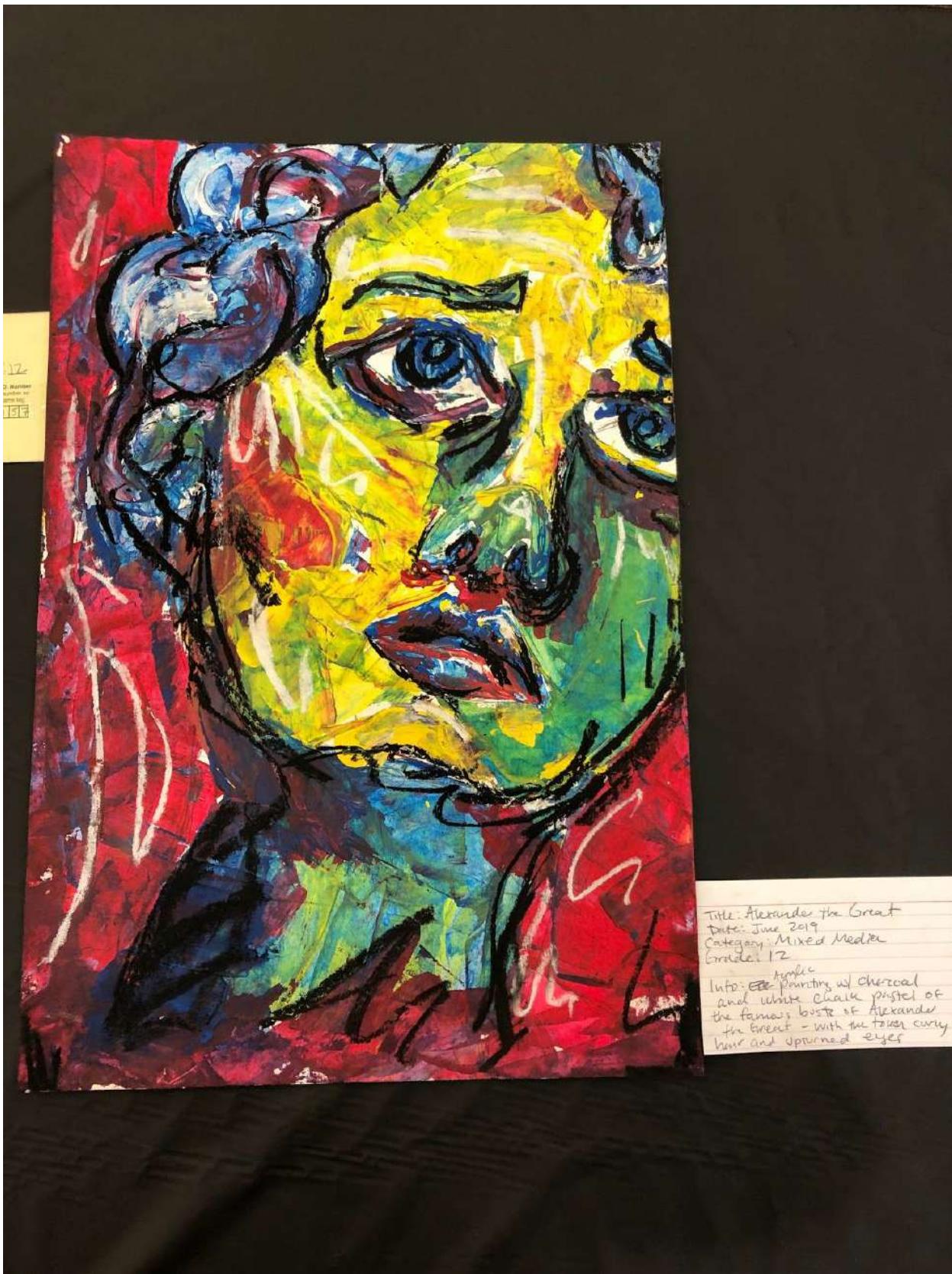


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## Mixed Media



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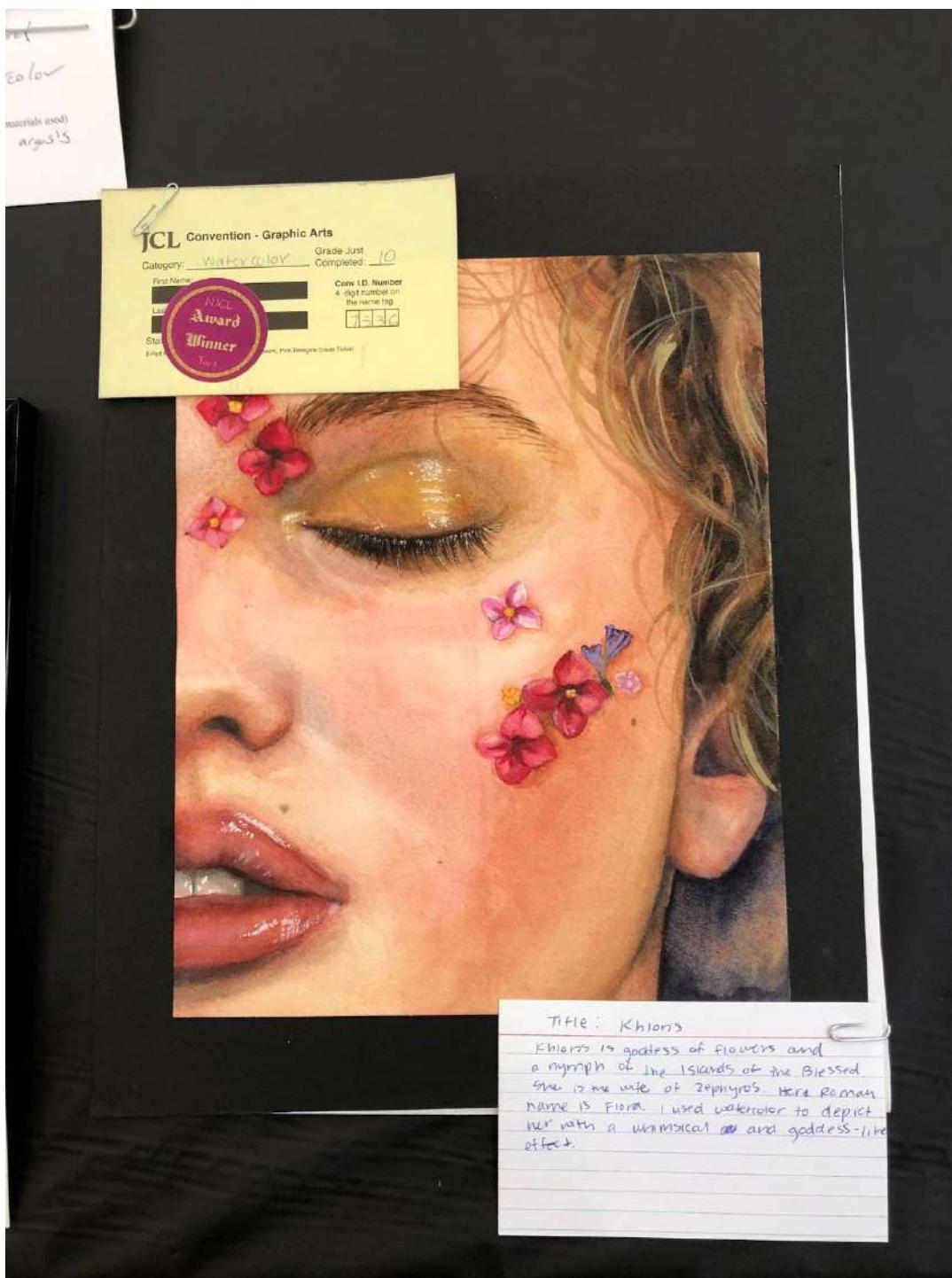


Title: Alexander the Great  
Date: June 2019  
Category: Mixed Media  
Grade: 12

Info: This painting is charcoal  
and white chalk pastel of  
the famous bust of Alexander  
the Great - with the famous curly  
hair and spurned eyes

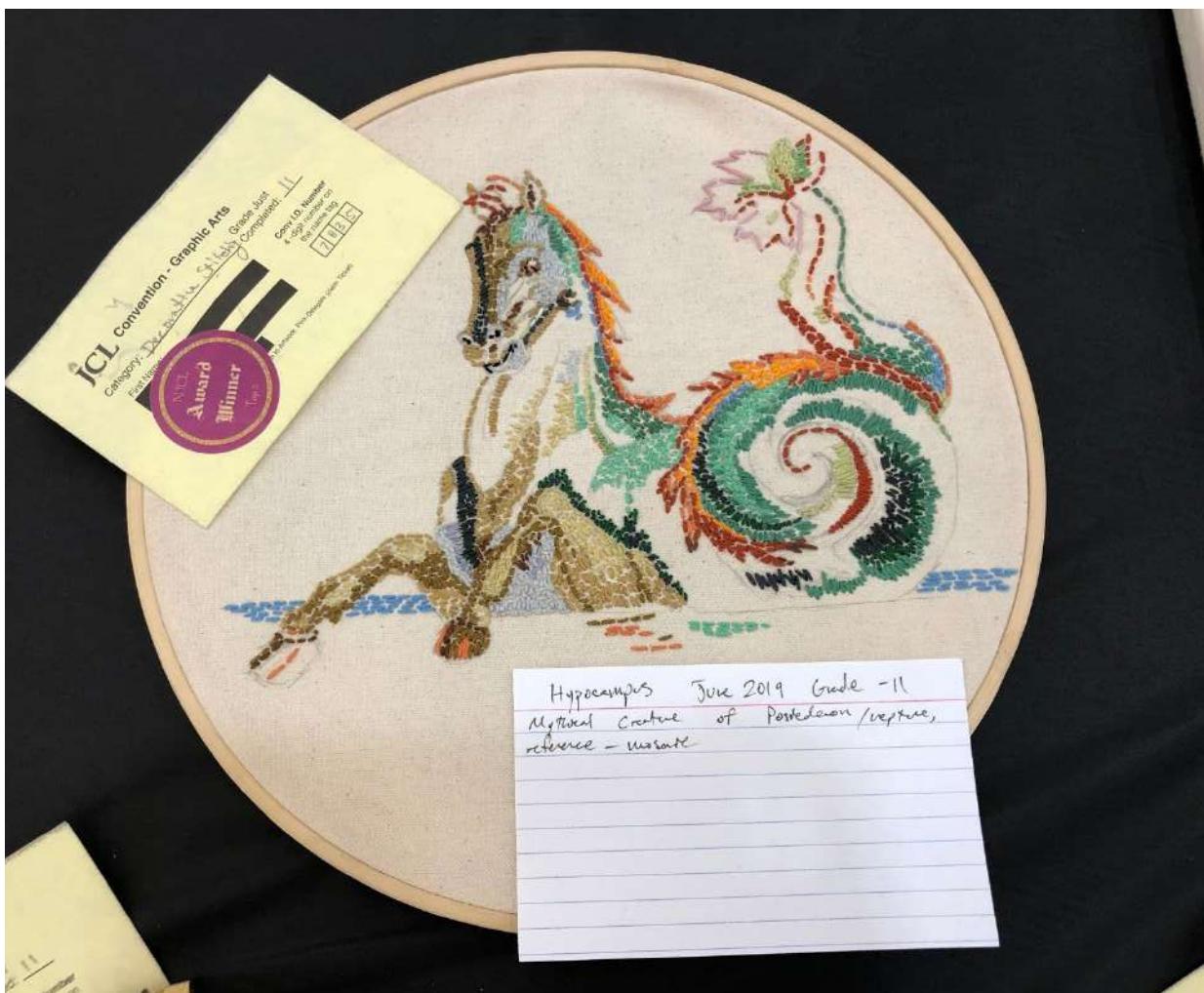
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## Watercolor



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## Games

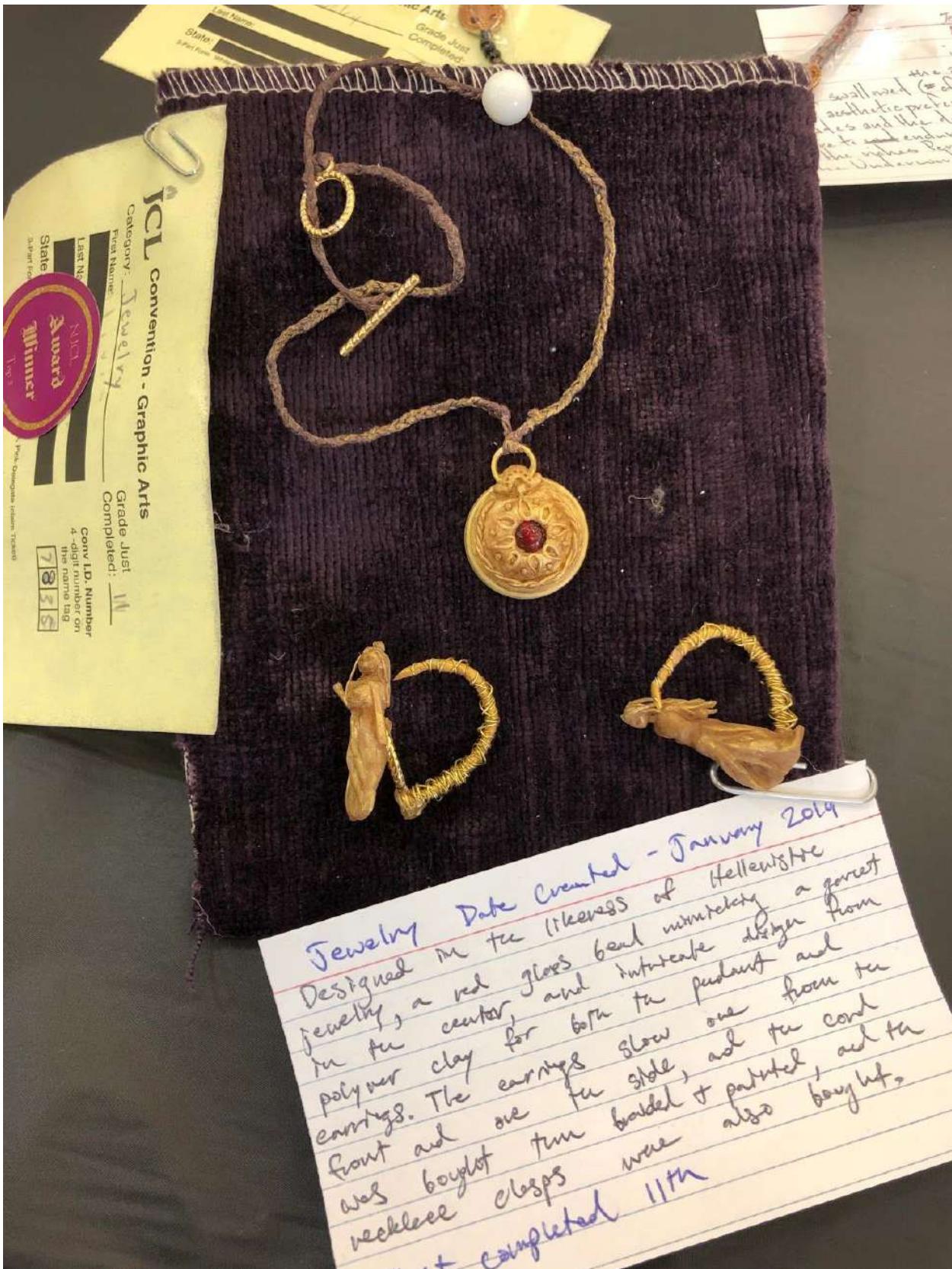


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## Jewelry



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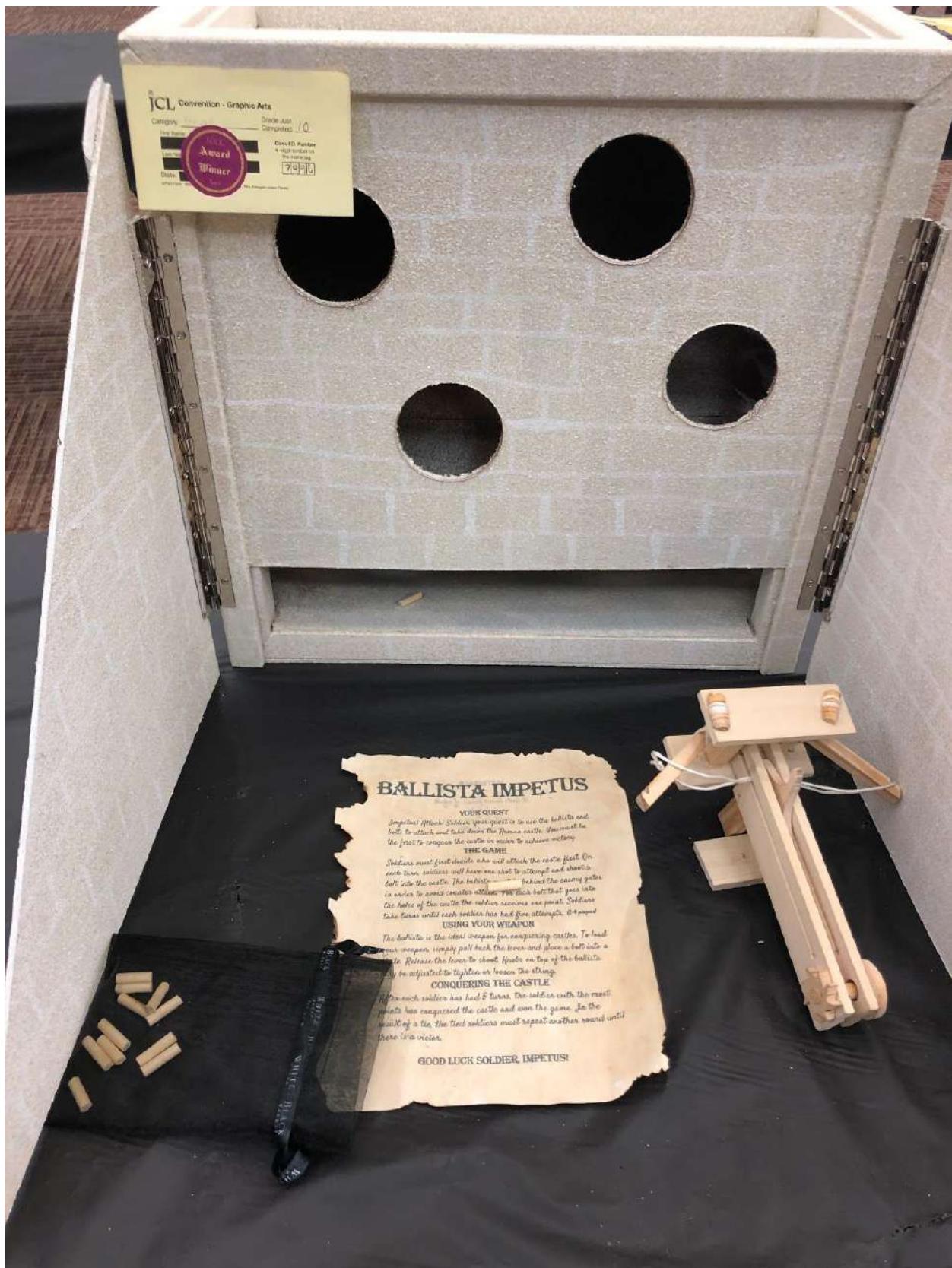
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## Small Models



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## Large Models

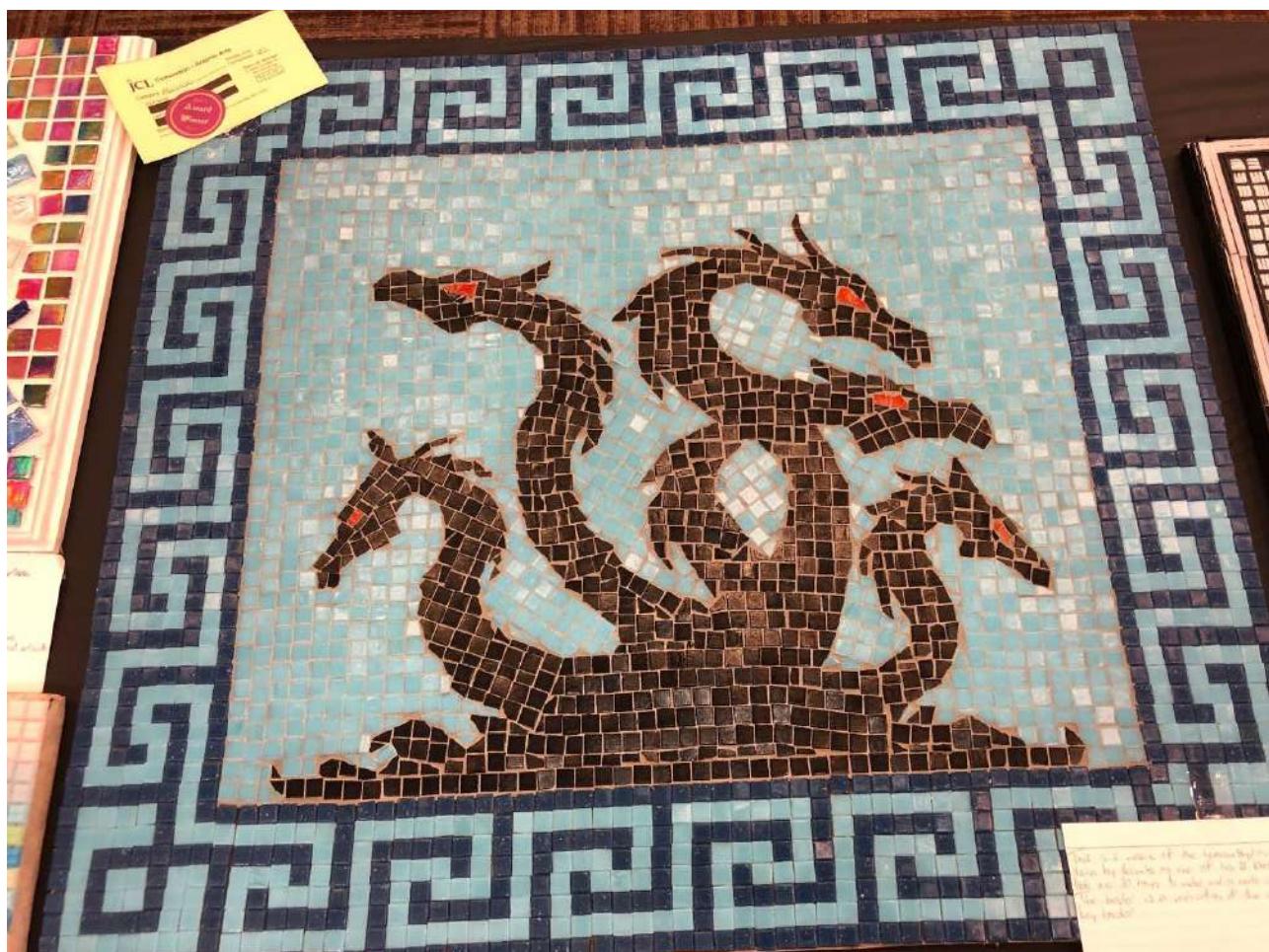


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## Mosaics



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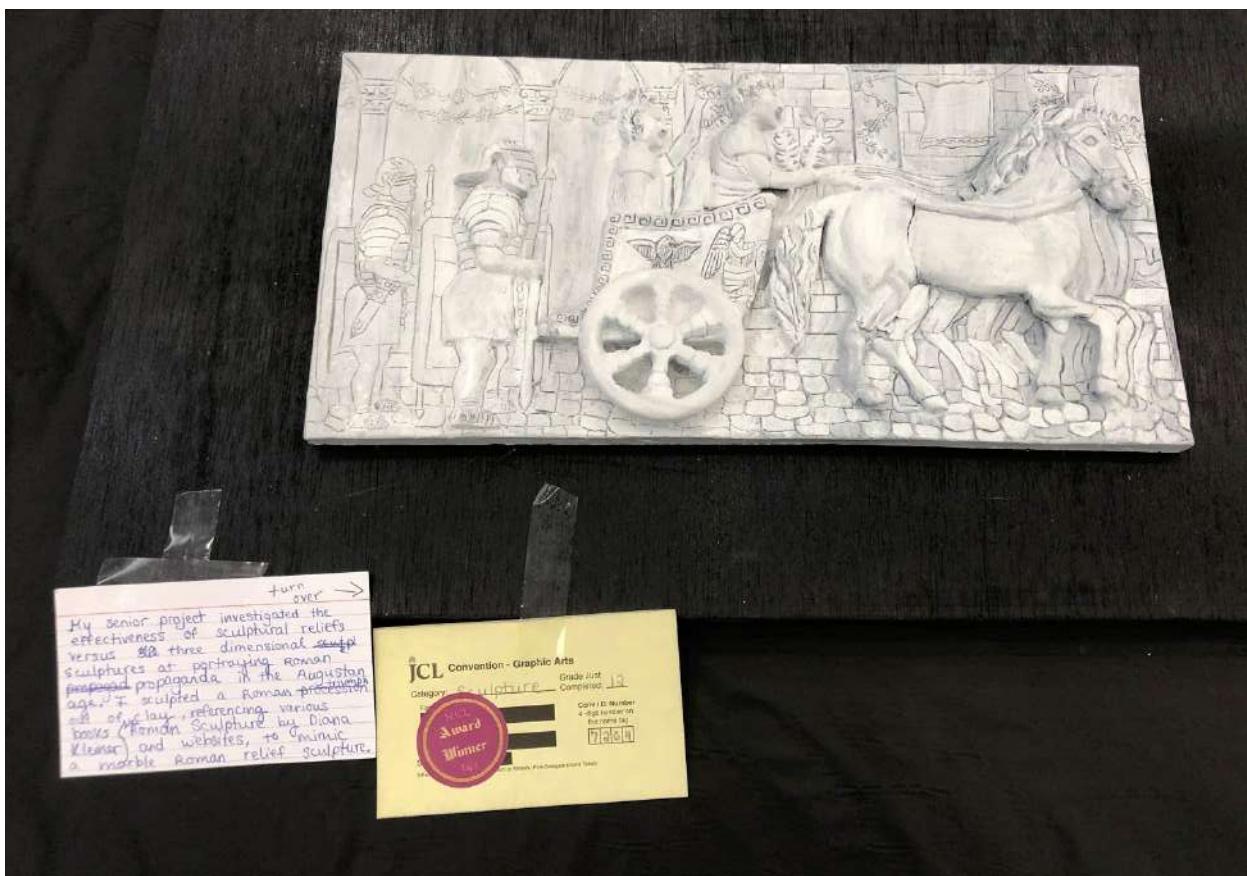
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## Pottery



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## Sculpture



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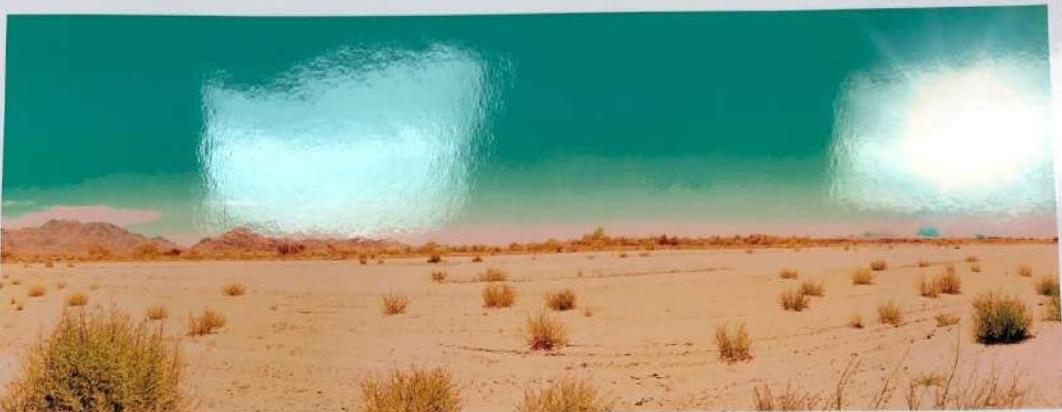
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## Traditional Photography



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## Computer Enhanced Photography

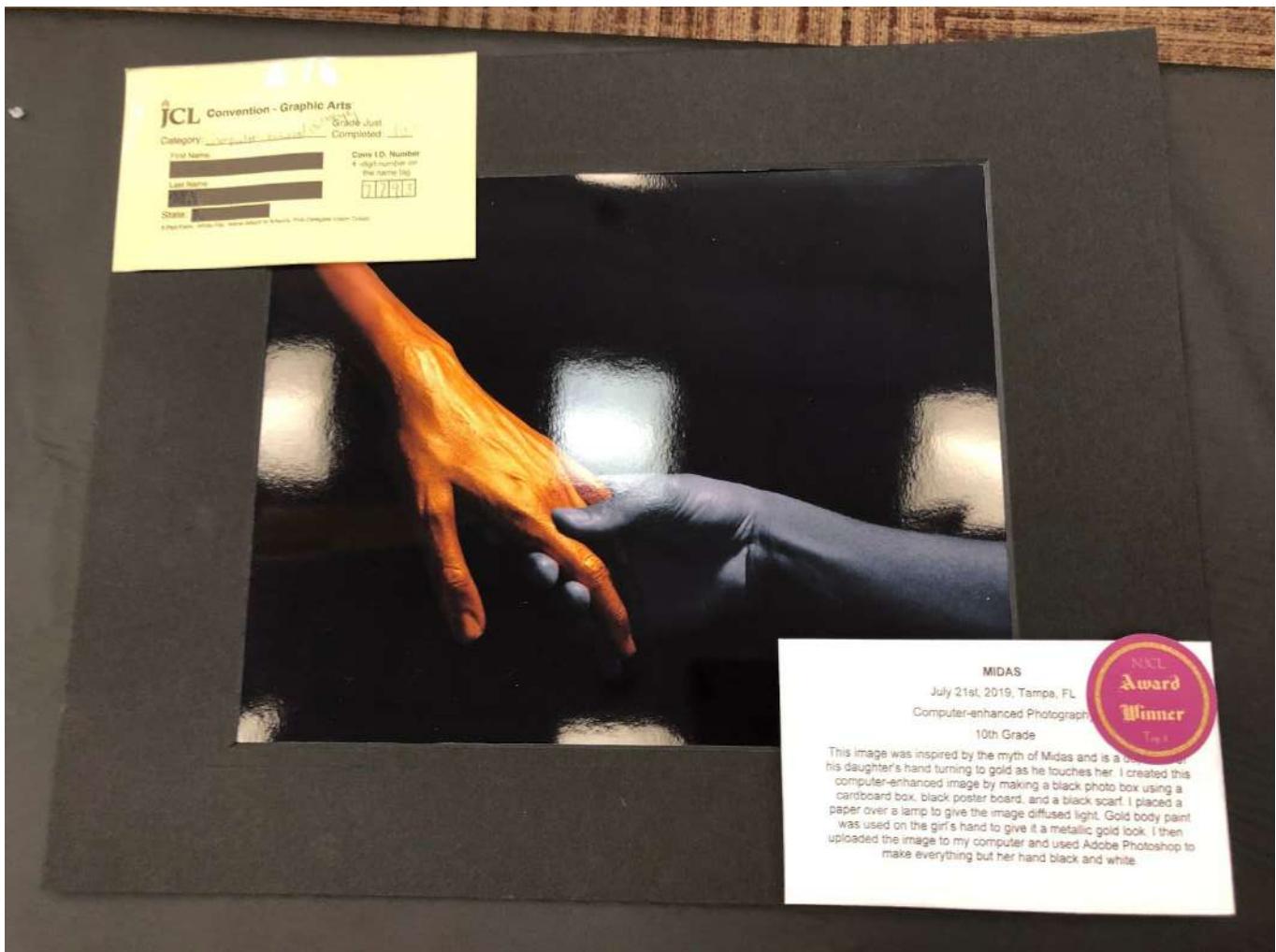


Title: Phaethon's Desolation  
Date Created: 6/30-7/18/2019  
Category: Computer Enhanced Photography  
Grade Completed: 10th grade

Additional Information: This photo is composed of two photos, a desert panorama, and the sun, which were superimposed and stitched together by manipulating the superimposition technique. Then the resulting photo was adjusted for brightness, contrast, and balance. Both of these photos were taken in Arizona. The sun was taken 6/30 while the sun picture was taken on



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